



Cyberscope

A TAC Security Company

# Audit Report

## Grid Token

March 2026

SHA256

205501dad8c01bf12231a1eff3b89ca0193f356365ccb4905cc72d799d9a452d

Audited by © cyberscope

# Analysis

● Critical   ● Medium   ● Minor / Informative   ● Pass

Severity	Code	Description	Status
●	ST	Stops Transactions	Passed
●	OTUT	Transfers User's Tokens	Passed
●	ELFM	Exceeds Fees Limit	Passed
●	MT	Mints Tokens	Passed
●	BT	Burns Tokens	Passed
●	BC	Blacklists Addresses	Passed

# Diagnostics

● Critical ● Medium ● Minor / Informative

Severity	Code	Description	Status
●	ROF	Redundant Ownable Functionality	Unresolved
●	L19	Stable Compiler Version	Unresolved

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# Risk Classification

The criticality of findings in Cyberscope’s smart contract audits is determined by evaluating multiple variables. The two primary variables are:

1. **Likelihood of Exploitation:** This considers how easily an attack can be executed, including the economic feasibility for an attacker.
2. **Impact of Exploitation:** This assesses the potential consequences of an attack, particularly in terms of the loss of funds or disruption to the contract's functionality.

Based on these variables, findings are categorized into the following severity levels:

1. **Critical:** Indicates a vulnerability that is both highly likely to be exploited and can result in significant fund loss or severe disruption. Immediate action is required to address these issues.
2. **Medium:** Refers to vulnerabilities that are either less likely to be exploited or would have a moderate impact if exploited. These issues should be addressed in due course to ensure overall contract security.
3. **Minor:** Involves vulnerabilities that are unlikely to be exploited and would have a minor impact. These findings should still be considered for resolution to maintain best practices in security.
4. **Informative:** Points out potential improvements or informational notes that do not pose an immediate risk. Addressing these can enhance the overall quality and robustness of the contract.

Severity	Likelihood / Impact of Exploitation
● Critical	Highly Likely / High Impact
● Medium	Less Likely / High Impact or Highly Likely/ Lower Impact
● Minor / Informative	Unlikely / Low to no Impact

# Review

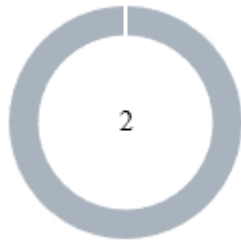
## Audit Updates

<b>Initial Audit</b>	23 Mar 2026
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## Source Files

<b>Filename</b>	SHA256
<b>GridToken.sol</b>	205501dad8c01bf12231a1eff3b89ca0193f356365ccb4905cc72d799d9a452d

# Findings Breakdown



- Critical 0
- Medium 0
- Minor / Informative 2

Severity	Unresolved	Acknowledged	Resolved	Other
<span style="color: red;">●</span> Critical	0	0	0	0
<span style="color: gold;">●</span> Medium	0	0	0	0
<span style="color: grey;">●</span> Minor / Informative	2	0	0	0

## ROF - Redundant Ownable Functionality

<b>Criticality</b>	Minor / Informative
<b>Location</b>	GRDToken.sol#L16
<b>Status</b>	Unresolved

### Description

The contract inherits from the Ownable abstract contract to define an owner. In smart contracts, an owner typically has elevated privileges to execute administrative functions. However, in this case, while the contract defines an owner, it does not include any administrative functionalities. Therefore, the inheritance of Ownable is redundant.

Shell

```
contract GridToken is ERC20, ERC20Burnable, ERC20Permit,  
ERC20Votes, Ownable {  
  
    ...  
}
```

### Recommendation

Eliminating redundancies will reduce code size and enhance readability. By removing the unnecessary inheritance, the contract becomes more efficient and aids in future maintainability.

## L19 - Stable Compiler Version

<b>Criticality</b>	Minor / Informative
<b>Location</b>	GRDToken.sol#L2
<b>Status</b>	Unresolved

### Description

The `^` symbol indicates that any version of Solidity that is compatible with the specified version (i.e., any version that is a higher minor or patch version) can be used to compile the contract. The version lock is a mechanism that allows the author to specify a minimum version of the Solidity compiler that must be used to compile the contract code. This is useful because it ensures that the contract will be compiled using a version of the compiler that is known to be compatible with the code.

```
Shell  
pragma solidity ^0.8.20;
```

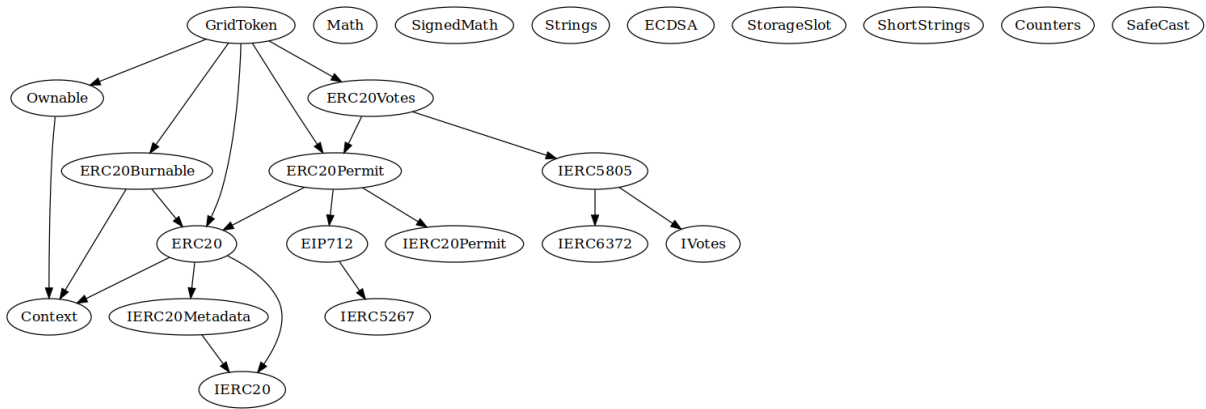
### Recommendation

The team is advised to lock the pragma to ensure the stability of the codebase. The locked pragma version ensures that the contract will not be deployed with an unexpected version. An unexpected version may produce vulnerabilities and undiscovered bugs. The compiler should be configured to the lowest version that provides all the required functionality for the codebase. As a result, the project will be compiled in a well-tested LTS (Long Term Support) environment.

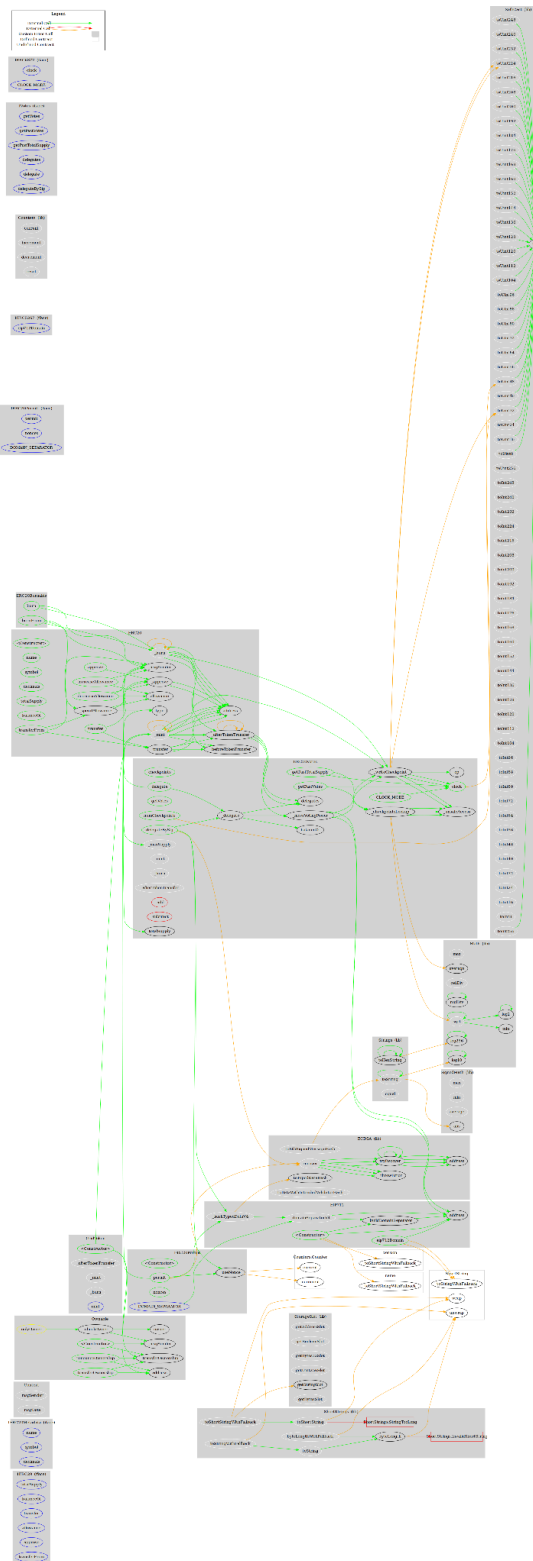
# Functions Analysis

Contract	Type	Bases	Visibility	Mutability	Modifiers
	Function Name				
<b>GridToken</b>	Implementation	ERC20, ERC20Burnable, ERC20Permit, ERC20Votes, Ownable			
		Public	✓		ERC20 ERC20Permit Ownable
	_afterTokenTransfer	Internal	✓		
	_mint	Internal	✓		
	_burn	Internal	✓		
	mint	External			-

# Inheritance Graph



# Flow Graph



## Summary

GridMind contract implements a token mechanism. This audit investigates security issues, business logic concerns and potential improvements. GridMind is an interesting project that has a friendly and growing community. The Smart Contract analysis reported no compiler error or critical issues.

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Blockchain technology and cryptographic assets present a high level of ongoing risk. Cyberscope's position is that each company and individual are responsible for their own due diligence and continuous security. Cyberscope's goal is to help reduce the attack vectors and the high level of variance associated with utilizing new and consistently changing technologies and in no way claims any guarantee of security or functionality of the technology we agree to analyze. The assessment services provided by Cyberscope are subject to dependencies and are under continuing development. You agree that your access and/or use including but not limited to any services reports and materials will be at your sole risk on an as-is where-is and as-available basis. Cryptographic tokens are emergent technologies and carry with them high levels of technical risk and uncertainty. The assessment reports could include false positives, false negatives and other unpredictable results. The services may access and depend upon multiple layers of third parties.

# About Cyberscope

Cyberscope is a TAC blockchain cybersecurity company that was founded with the vision to make web3.0 a safer place for investors and developers. Since its launch, it has worked with thousands of projects and is estimated to have secured tens of millions of investors' funds.

Cyberscope is one of the leading smart contract audit firms in the crypto space and has built a high-profile network of clients and partners.



A *TAC Security* Company

The Cyberscope team

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